

PATENT APPLICATION TRANSMITTAL LETTER
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Docket No.
END920000054US1

TO THE ASSISTANT COMMISSIONER FOR PATENTS

Transmitted herewith for filing under 35 U.S.C. 111 and 37 C.F.R. 1.53 is the patent application of:

Cesana et al.

For: **SECURITY CLOTH DESIGN AND ASSEMBLY**

Enclosed are:

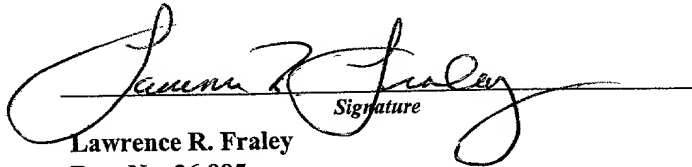
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Indep. Claims	5	- 3 =	2	x \$80.00	\$160.00
Multiple Dependent Claims (check if applicable) <input type="checkbox"/>					\$0.00
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Dated: **Nov. 20, 2000**


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Applicant(s): Cesana et al.

Docket No.

END920000054US1

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Group Art Unit

Invention: SECURITY CLOTH DESIGN AND ASSEMBLY

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APPLICATION
FOR
UNITED STATES LETTERS PATENT

APPLICANT(S) NAME: Cesana et al.

TITLE: SECURITY CLOTH DESIGN AND ASSEMBLY

DOCKET NO. END920000054US1

INTERNATIONAL BUSINESS MACHINES CORPORATION

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SECURITY CLOTH DESIGN AND ASSEMBLY

BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

Technical Field

The present invention relates generally to the detection of
5 intrusions into security enclosures, and more particularly, to
the assembly of a security enclosure capable of detecting
intrusions.

Related Art

Security enclosures are commonly used in network electronics
10 commerce to transmit encrypted information to authorized persons.
Fig. 1 shows a related art security enclosure 8, comprising an
electronic assembly 10, which typically comprises a cryptographic
processor card within an enclosure, and a tamper respondent wrap
or cloth 12. The cloth 12 adheres to the assembly 10 by an
15 adhesive on the inner surface of the cloth 12. The cloth 12
typically consists of several layers of a flexible dielectric
having electrical traces or lines (not shown) thereon. Damage to
any of the traces within a layer produces a change in resistance
which prompts the cryptographic processor card to erase the
20 information stored therein.

As illustrated in Fig. 2, a first side of the cloth 12 is

10 wrapped around the assembly 10. An end 16 of the cloth 12 is
inserted within an opening 14 of the assembly 10. The end 16
comprises a plurality of silver filled ink lines formed on the
surface of the end 16 to provide an electrical connection between
5 the cloth 12 and the assembly 10. Thereafter, a second end of
the cloth 12 is wrapped around the assembly 10, covering the
inserted end 16 and over-lapping the first end of the cloth 12
(Fig. 3).

10 Unfortunately, because the cloth 12 is constructed of
multiple layers (not shown) of unreinforced organic dielectric
materials which are dimensionally unstable, i.e., susceptible to
deformation due to environmental changes, it is difficult to
maintain layer-to-layer alignment. As a result, it is difficult
to ensure that each layer of the cloth terminates at the end 16,
15 which is necessary in order to make the proper connection with
the assembly 10. Likewise, the silver coating at the end 16 is
susceptible to electromigration problems, thereby resulting in
potential device failure. Furthermore, because the adhesive
material on the inner surface of the cloth 10 securely adheres
20 the cloth 12 to the assembly 10 prior to inserting the end 16
into the assembly 10, alignment of the end 16 into the opening 14
of the assembly 10 is often difficult, particularly when the
cloth 12 and assembly 10 are slightly misaligned. This may

result in device failure due to a poor connection between the end
16 of the cloth 12 and the assembly 10. Likewise, additional
forces exerted on the connection over time due to thermal and
mechanical stresses, may further weaken the poor connection
5 producing device failure. Moreover, the process of folding the
security cloth and inserting the end into the connector is not
amenable to automation, thus increasing manufacturing costs.
Accordingly, there exists a need in the industry for a security
enclosure that solves these and other problems.

10 SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

The first general aspect of the present invention provides a
security enclosure, comprising: an electronic assembly; a tamper
respondent wrap secured around the assembly; and an extension
cable electrically connecting the cloth to the assembly.

15 The second general aspect of the present invention provides
a security enclosure, comprising: an electronic assembly; an
extension, having a first end inserted in the assembly, and a
second end having at least one bonding pad thereon; and a tamper
respondent wrap surrounding the assembly, having at least one
20 corresponding bonding pad, wherein the bonding pad of the
extension is secured to the bonding pad of the wrap.

The third general aspect of the present invention provides a

security enclosure, comprising: an electronic assembly; and a
tamper respondent wrap electrically connected to the assembly via
an attachable extension.

The fourth general aspect of the present invention provides
5 a flexible extension for use in a security enclosure, comprising:
a first end having a plurality of interconnections which are
inserted within an electronic assembly of the enclosure; a second
end having a plurality of bonding pads thereon which are secured
to a tamper respondent wrap of the enclosure; and wherein the
10 cable electrically connects the wrap and the assembly.

The fifth general aspect of the present invention provides
a method of forming a security enclosure, comprising: providing
an electronic assembly having an opening therein; inserting a
first end of an extension within the opening of the assembly;
15 wrapping a tamper respondent wrap at least partially around the
assembly; and connecting a second end of the extension to the
wrap.

The foregoing and other features of the invention will be
apparent from the following more particular description of the
20 embodiments of the invention.

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

The embodiments of this invention will be described in

detail, with reference to the following figures, wherein like designations denote like elements, and wherein:

Fig. 1 depicts a cross-sectional view of a related art electronic assembly and tamper respondent cloth;

5 Fig. 2 depicts the related art assembly of Fig. 1 wherein the cloth is electrically connected to the assembly;

Fig. 3 depicts the related art assembly of Fig. 2 wherein the remainder of the cloth is secured around the assembly;

10 Fig. 4 depicts a cross-sectional view of an electronic assembly in accordance with the present invention;

Fig. 5 depicts the assembly of Fig. 4 and a tamper respondent cloth;

Fig. 6 depicts the assembly of Fig. 5 wherein bonding pads of the cloth and an extension cable are connected;

15 Fig. 7 depicts the assembly of Fig. 6 wherein the remainder of the cloth is secured around the assembly;

Fig. 8 depicts an enlarged top view of the extension cable in accordance with the present invention; and

20 Fig. 9 depicts an enlarged top view of the cloth bonding pads in accordance with the present invention.

DESCRIPTION OF THE PREFERRED EMBODIMENTS

Although certain embodiments of the present invention will

be shown and described in detail, it should be understood that various changes and modifications may be made without departing from the scope of the appended claims. The scope of the present invention will in no way be limited to the number of constituting components, the materials thereof, the shapes thereof, the relative arrangement thereof, etc. Although the drawings are intended to illustrate the present invention, the drawings are not necessarily drawn to scale.

Referring to the drawings, Fig. 4 shows a cross-sectional view of an electronic assembly 100 in accordance with the present invention. The assembly 100 typically comprises a cryptographic processor card 102 (shown in phantom), for the storage of key codes required to encrypt and decrypt the secured information, enclosed within a container 106, such as a metal box.

An extension cable 112 is inserted within an opening 114 of the assembly 100. The extension cable 112 comprises a polyimide dielectric material, such as Kapton™ (DuPont), Upilex™ (UBE), Mylar™ (DuPont), or other similar thin flexible dielectric material conventionally used in flex circuitry. In particular, a cable end 116 located at a first end of the extension cable 112 makes electrical connection with the cryptographic processor card 102 within the assembly 100. A plurality of bonding pads 118 located at a second end of the extension cable 112 makes

electrical connection with a cloth (described below). The bonding pads 118 are formed of copper, having a nickel/gold plating thereon, or other metals, such as silver, etc. The gold provides good conductivity, and the nickel prevents the diffusion of gold into the copper. Alternatively, the bonding pads 118 may be formed of an electrically conductive thermosetting polymer, or an electrically conductive thermoplastic polymer.

As illustrated in Fig. 5, a tamper respondent wrap or cloth 120 is wrapped around the assembly 100, such that a plurality of bonding pads 122 on the cloth 120 align with the plurality of bonding pads 118 on the extension cable 112. The cloth 120, such as disclosed in the patent to MacPherson (US 5,858,500), is a sheet of composite material comprising a laminate formed of a number of separate layers, including a delamination respondent layer, and a pierce and laser respondent layer. Each layer has a plurality of ink traces or lines (shown in Fig. 9) formed thereon, for the detection of intrusions. The lines may comprise an electrically conductive thermoplastic polymer, electrically conductive thermoset polymer, metal, etc. The cloth 112 further includes a pressure sensitive adhesive material 121 on the inner surface of the cloth 112, such that the cloth 112 securely adheres to the assembly 100. The bonding pads 122 are formed of copper, having a nickel/gold plating thereon, or other metals,

such as silver, etc. Alternatively, the bonding pads 122 may be formed of an electrically conductive thermosetting polymer, or an electrically conductive thermoplastic polymer.

As illustrated in Fig. 6, the bonding pads 118 of the extension cable 112 are secured to the bonding pads 122 of the cloth 120 to complete the electrical connection between the cloth 120 and the assembly 100. A thermal compression bonding (TCB) process may be used in which heat and pressure are applied to the bonding pads 118, 122 until the bonding pads 118, 122 begin to melt and bond together. A heater having the correct dimensions corresponding to the size of the bonding pads 118, 122, conventionally used in TCB processing, may also be used to apply heat and pressure directly to the bonding pads 118, 122. The specific range of temperatures and pressures necessary to bring the metals, or base polymers within the bonding pads 118, 122 to their melting point depends upon the materials selected, and is commonly known in the art.

The bonding pads 118, 122 may be bonded directly to one another using the TCB process described above if the bonding pads 118, 122 are formed of a conductive thermoplastic polymer. In the event the bonding pads 118, 122 are formed of a conductive thermoset polymer, or a metal, an additional conductive adhesive is needed between the bonding pads 118, 122 to bond the pads 118,

122 together. For instance, an anisotropic conductive tape, such as 3m 7303™ (3M), may be inserted between the bonding pads 118, 122 prior to performing the TCB process to form the adhesive connection therebetween.

5 Thereafter, the remaining portion of the cloth 120 is wrapped around the assembly 100, adhering to and covering the extension cable 112 and over-lapping the other end of the cloth 120 to form a tightly sealed enclosure 123 (Fig. 7). It should be noted that due to the flexible nature of the extension cable 112, the profile of the assembly 100 and cloth 120 is much 10 smoother and flatter than the related art design. This is because a certain amount of slack is required in the cloth of the related art design in order to insert and bend the stiff multiple layers of the cloth, which is not required with the flexible 15 extension cable 112.

 Figs. 8 and 9 show greater detail of the extension cable 112 and bonding pads 122 of the cloth 120, respectively, in a top view. In particular, the cable end 116 at a first end of the extension cable 112 includes a plurality of interconnections 124 20 that mate with and form an electrical connection with the cryptographic processor card 102 inside the assembly 100. The interconnections 124 are formed of copper with a nickel/gold plating, or other similarly used material. Each bonding pad 118

has a corresponding interconnection 124. Wires 126 connect each bonding pad 118 with an interconnection 124.

Each bonding pad 122 formed on the first end of the cloth 120 corresponds to the location of, and aligns with, each bonding pad 118 of the extension cable 112. In this example, the cloth 120 comprises a first or top layer 128 and a second or bottom layer 130. As illustrated, the top layer 128 is partially cut away to remove section 131, thereby exposing the bottom layer 130 for connection to the extension cable 112.

In this example, the top layer 128 of the cloth 120, for instance, the pierce and laser respondent layer, has three bonding pads 122a associated therewith. A system of connections 132, particularly a plurality of resistors formed in parallel and/or series, run throughout the layer 128, (a schematic representation of which is illustrated in Fig. 9), and connect the traces 125 within the layer 128 to the bonding pads 122a. Similarly, the bottom layer 130, for instance, the delamination respondent layer, has three bonding pads 122b associated therewith. A system of connections 134, particularly a plurality of resistors formed in parallel and/or series, run throughout the layer 130, (a graphic representation of which is illustrated in Fig. 9), and connect the traces 125 within the layer 130 to the bonding pads 122b.

A change in resistance within the system of connections 132, 134 indicates a break or short in the traces 125 within the respective layers 128, 130, e.g., caused by an attempted break-in. This change in resistance is detected as a change in voltage drop across the resistor network, which is then relayed to the corresponding bonding pads 122a, 122b of the cloth 120. The bonding pads 122a, 122b, in turn relay the change in voltage drop to the corresponding bonding pads 118 of the extension cable 112, which then transfers the message through wires 126 and interconnections 124 to the cryptographic processor card 102. Thereafter, the cryptographic processor card 102 may take the appropriate precautions to prevent the information from being divulged, such as erasing the stored key codes for encrypting and decrypting the secured information.

The extension cable 112 provides for easier connection of the cloth 120 to the assembly 100 than with conventional techniques. This is particularly true due to the small size and tight tolerances of the assembly opening 114 and the interconnections 124. The extension cable 112 also provides a surface large enough to facilitate an automated assembly process. Likewise, because the interconnections 124 are formed on the extension cable 112 rather than on the end of the cloth 120, the cable end 116 can be inserted in the opening 114 of the assembly

100 without first adhering the cloth 120 to the assembly 100.
This reduces the problems associated with proper placement and
alignment of the cloth 120. Also, due to the flexible nature of
the extension cable 112, slight misalignment of the cloth 120 can
5 be compensated for when the extension cable 112 is connected to
the cloth 120. In fact, misalignment of several millimeters may
be tolerable between the bonding pads 118, 122. Furthermore,
because the interconnections 124 are formed of copper with a
nickel/gold plating, rather than silver ink, the electromigration
10 problems are minimized.

It should be noted that the embodiments disclosed above are
not intended to limit the scope of the present invention in any
way. For instance, the cloth 120 may be formed of more or less
layers than that of the cloth 120 described herein. In which
15 case, a system of connections and corresponding bonding pads
would be needed for each layer. Furthermore, the number of
bonding pads on each layer, and the corresponding bonding pads on
the extension cable, may be varied as needed.

While this invention has been described in conjunction with
20 the specific embodiments outlined above, it is evident that many
alternatives, modifications and variations will be apparent to
those skilled in the art. Accordingly, the embodiments of the
invention as set forth above are intended to be illustrative, not

limiting. Various changes may be made without departing from the spirit and scope of the invention as defined in the following claims.

END920000054US1

CLAIMS

We claim:

- 1 1. A security enclosure, comprising:
2 an electronic assembly;
3 a tamper respondent wrap secured at least partially around
4 the assembly; and
5 an extension cable electrically connecting the wrap to the
6 assembly.
- 1 2. The security enclosure of claim 1, wherein the electronic
2 assembly comprises a cryptographic processor card.
- 1 3. The security enclosure of claim 1, wherein the tamper
2 respondent wrap includes an adhesive inner surface that adheres
3 the wrap to the electronic assembly.
- 1 4. The security enclosure of claim 1, wherein the tamper
2 respondent wrap further includes a plurality of bonding pads
3 formed at a first end of the wrap.
- 1 5. The security enclosure of claim 4, wherein the tamper
2 respondent wrap further includes a system of resistors within
3 each layer of the wrap.

1 6. The security enclosure of claim 5, wherein the system of
2 resistors connect ink traces within each layer of the wrap to the
3 bonding pads.

1 7. The security enclosure of claim 1, wherein the extension cable
2 further includes a plurality of interconnections at a first end
3 of the extension cable.

1 8. The security enclosure of claim 7, wherein the extension cable
2 further includes a plurality of bonding pads at a second end of
3 the extension cable.

1 9. The security enclosure of claim 8, wherein wires connect the
2 interconnections and the bonding pads of the extension cable.

1 10. The security enclosure of claim 1, wherein a plurality of
2 bonding pads on the wrap are bonded to a plurality of bonding
3 pads on the extension cable.

1 11. The security enclosure of claim 10, wherein a thermal
2 compression bonding process bonds the bonding pads on the wrap to
3 the bonding pads on the extension cable.

1 12. The security enclosure of claim 1, wherein the wrap at least
2 partially covers the extension cable.

1 13. The security enclosure of claim 1, wherein the extension
2 cable comprises a flexible dielectric material.

END920000054US1

1 14. A security enclosure, comprising:
2 an electronic assembly;
3 an extension, having a first end inserted in the assembly,
4 and a second end having at least one bonding pad thereon; and
5 a tamper respondent wrap at least partially surrounding the
6 assembly, having at least one corresponding bonding pad, wherein
7 the bonding pad of the extension is secured to the bonding pad of
8 the wrap.

1 15. The security enclosure of claim 14, wherein the first end of
2 the extension comprises at least one interconnection which forms
3 an electrical connection between the assembly and the extension.

1 16. The security enclosure of claim 15, wherein the at least one
2 interconnection is electrically connected to the at least one
3 bonding pad of the extension via a wire.

1 17. The security enclosure of claim 14, wherein the wrap further
2 includes an adhesive on an inner surface of the wrap to secure
3 the wrap to the assembly.

1 20. A security enclosure, comprising:

2 an electronic assembly; and

3 a tamper respondent wrap electrically connected to the
4 assembly via an attachable extension.

1 21. The security enclosure of claim 20, wherein the attachable
2 extension comprises a flexible extension cable.

1 22. The security enclosure of claim 20, wherein the tamper
2 respondent wrap comprises a plurality of bonding pads formed on
3 an end thereof.

1 23. The security enclosure of claim 21, wherein the extension
2 comprises a plurality of bonding pads formed on a first end
3 thereof.

1 24. The security enclosure of claim 23, wherein the bonding pads
2 of the wrap are secured to the bonding pads of the extension.

1 25. The security enclosure of claim 23, wherein the extension
2 further comprises a plurality of interconnections formed at a
3 second end of the extension.

1 26. The security enclosure of claim 22, wherein a system of
2 resistors electrically connects the bonding pads of the wrap to
3 ink traces of the wrap.

1 27. The security enclosure of claim 24, wherein the bonding pads
2 of the wrap are secured to the bonding pads of the extension
3 using a thermal compression bonding process.

any other information that may be required for the purpose of this document

1 28. A flexible extension for use in a security enclosure,
2 comprising:
3 a first end having a plurality of interconnections which are
4 inserted within an electronic assembly of the enclosure;
5 a second end having a plurality of bonding pads thereon
6 which are secured to a tamper respondent wrap of the enclosure;
7 and
8 wherein the cable electrically connects the wrap and the
9 assembly.

1 29. The flexible extension of claim 28, wherein the bonding pads
2 of the extension are bonded to bonding pads of the wrap.

1 30. The flexible extension of claim 28, wherein the extension
2 comprises a dielectric material.

1 31. A method of forming a security enclosure, comprising:
2 providing an electronic assembly having an opening therein;
3 inserting a first end of an extension within the opening of
4 the assembly;
5 wrapping a tamper respondent wrap at least partially around
6 the assembly; and
7 electrically connecting a second end of the extension to the
8 wrap.

END920000054US1

SECURITY CLOTH DESIGN AND ASSEMBLY

ABSTRACT OF THE DISCLOSURE

The present invention provides a security enclosure having an electronic assembly, such as a cryptographic processor card enclosed within an enclosure, surrounded by a tamper respondent wrap. The enclosure further includes a flexible extension cable which electrically connects the wrap and the assembly. The extension cable includes a plurality of interconnections at a first end to form an electrical connection with the assembly, and a plurality of bonding pads at a second end to form an electrical connection with a plurality of corresponding bonding pads of the wrap.

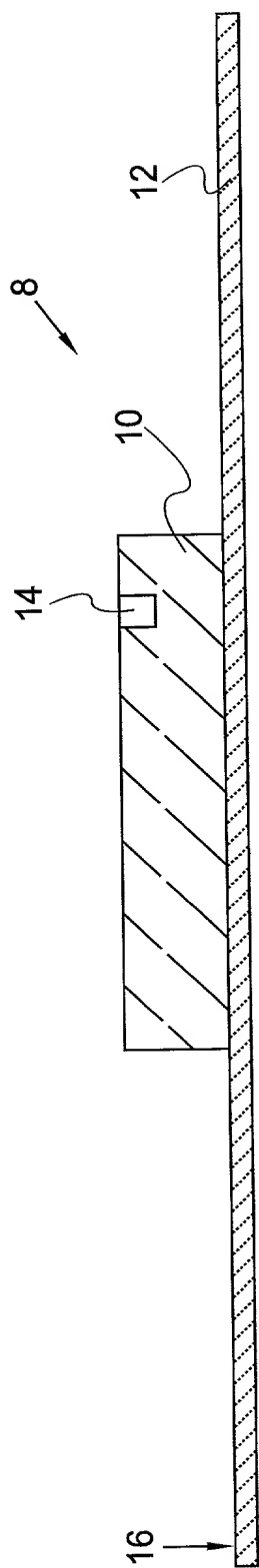


FIG. 1 (RELATED ART)

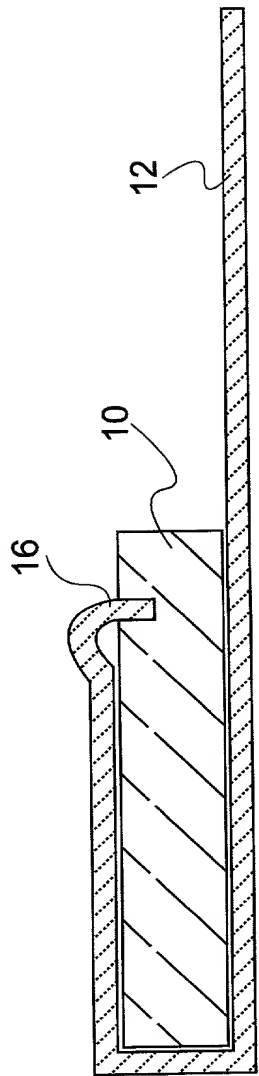


FIG. 2 (RELATED ART)

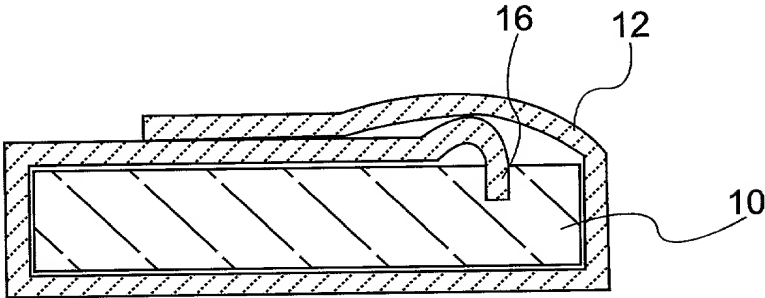


FIG. 3 (RELATED ART)

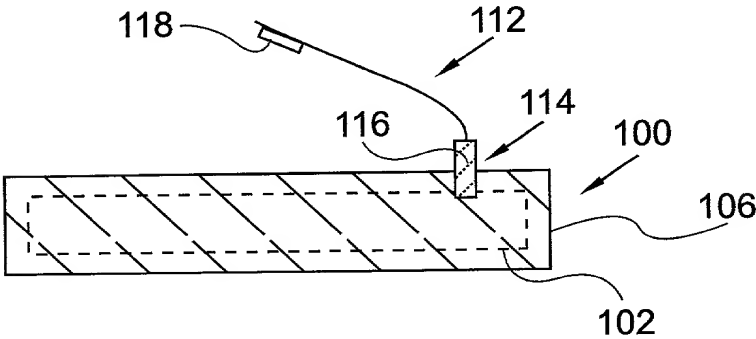


FIG. 4



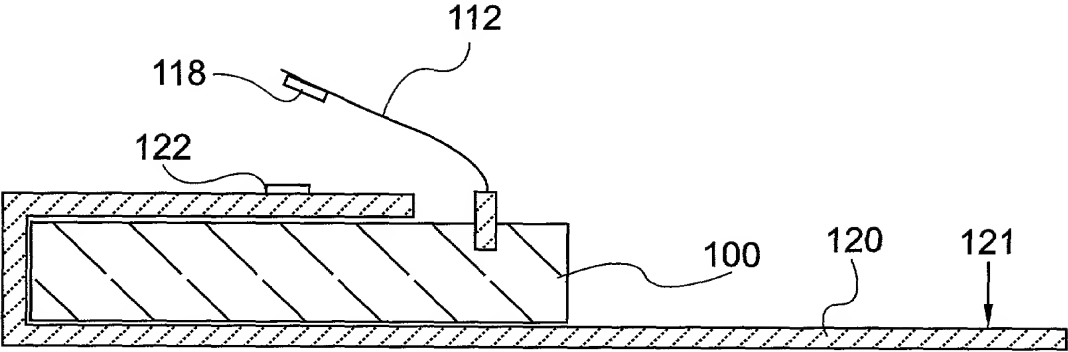


FIG. 5

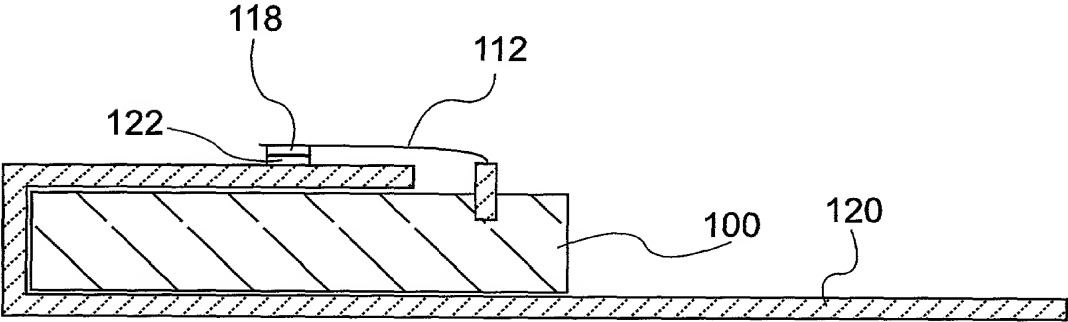


FIG. 6

FIG. 5 is a cross-sectional view of a device assembly. A substrate 100 is shown with a top surface 120. A layer 122 is disposed on the top surface 120. A component 118 is mounted on the layer 122. A component 112 is disposed on the top surface 120, adjacent to component 118. A vertical feature 121 is shown on the top surface 120, adjacent to component 112.



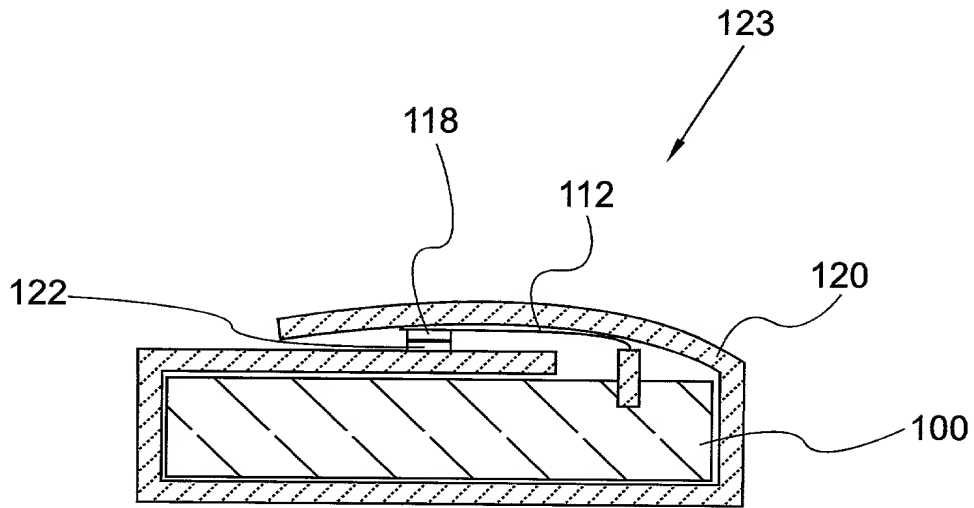


FIG. 7

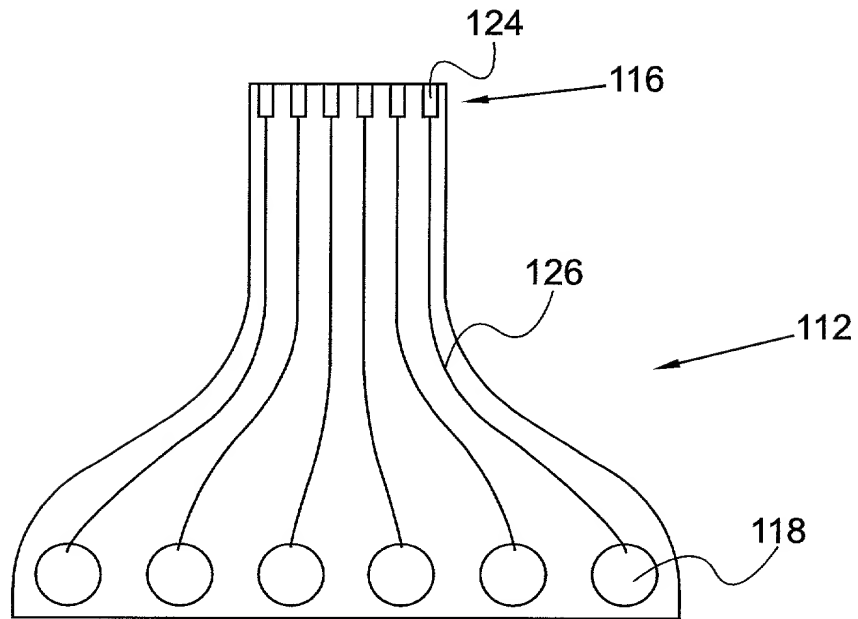


FIG. 8

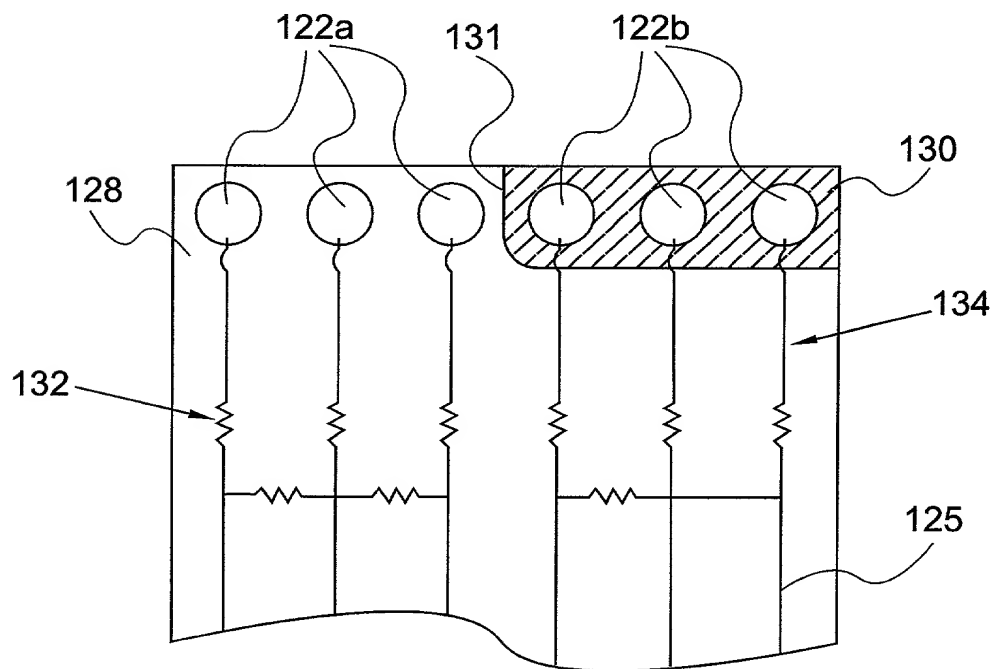


FIG. 9



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Declaration and Power of Attorney For Patent Application

English Language Declaration

As a below named inventor, I hereby declare that:

My residence, post office address and citizenship are as stated below next to my name,

I believe I am the original, first and sole inventor (if only one name is listed below) or an original, first and joint inventor (if plural names are listed below) of the subject matter which is claimed and for which a patent is sought on the invention entitled

SECURITY CLOTH DESIGN AND ASSEMBLY

the specification of which

(check one)

☒ is attached hereto.

☐ was filed on _____ as United States Application No. or PCT International Application Number _____ and was amended on _____ (if applicable)

I hereby state that I have reviewed and understand the contents of the above identified specification, including the claims, as amended by any amendment referred to above.

I acknowledge the duty to disclose to the United States Patent and Trademark Office all information known to me to be material to patentability as defined in Title 37, Code of Federal Regulations, Section 1.56.

I hereby claim foreign priority benefits under Title 35, United States Code, Section 119(a)-(d) or Section 365(b) of any foreign application(s) for patent or inventor's certificate, or Section 365(a) of any PCT International application which designated at least one country other than the United States, listed below and have also identified below, by checking the box, any foreign application for patent or inventor's certificate or PCT International application having a filing date before that of the application on which priority is claimed.

Prior Foreign Application(s)

Priority Not Claimed

(Number)

(Country)

(Day/Month/Year Filed)

☐

(Number)

(Country)

(Day/Month/Year Filed)

☐

(Number)

(Country)

(Day/Month/Year Filed)

☐

I hereby claim the benefit under 35 U.S.C. Section 119(e) of any United States provisional application(s) listed below:

(Application Serial No.)

(Filing Date)

(Application Serial No.)

(Filing Date)

(Application Serial No.)

(Filing Date)

I hereby claim the benefit under 35 U. S. C. Section 120 of any United States application(s), or Section 365(c) of any PCT International application designating the United States, listed below and, insofar as the subject matter of each of the claims of this application is not disclosed in the prior United States or PCT International application in the manner provided by the first paragraph of 35 U.S.C. Section 112, I acknowledge the duty to disclose to the United States Patent and Trademark Office all information known to me to be material to patentability as defined in Title 37, C. F. R., Section 1.56 which became available between the filing date of the prior application and the national or PCT International filing date of this application:

(Application Serial No.)

(Filing Date)

(Status)
(patented, pending, abandoned)

(Application Serial No.)

(Filing Date)

(Status)
(patented, pending, abandoned)

(Application Serial No.)

(Filing Date)

(Status)
(patented, pending, abandoned)

I hereby declare that all statements made herein of my own knowledge are true and that all statements made on information and belief are believed to be true; and further that these statements were made with the knowledge that willful false statements and the like so made are punishable by fine or imprisonment, or both, under Section 1001 of Title 18 of the United States Code and that such willful false statements may jeopardize the validity of the application or any patent issued thereon.

POWER OF ATTORNEY: As a named inventor, I hereby appoint the following attorney(s) and/or agent(s) to prosecute this application and transact all business in the Patent and Trademark Office connected therewith. *(list name and registration number)*

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 Lawrence R. Fraley - 26,885
 John R. Pivnichny - 43,001
 Arthur J. Samodovitz - 31,297
 William H. Steinberg - 28,540
 Christopher A. Hughes - 26,914
 Edward A. Pennington - 32,588
 John E. Hoel - 26,279
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Mario L. Cesana

11/3/2000

Date

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Citizenship Italian	
Post Office Address Same as Residence	

Full name of fourth inventor, if any	
Fourth inventor's signature	Date
Residence	
Citizenship	
Post Office Address	

Full name of fifth inventor, if any	
Fifth inventor's signature	Date
Residence	
Citizenship	
Post Office Address	

Full name of sixth inventor, if any	
Sixth inventor's signature	Date
Residence	
Citizenship	
Post Office Address	